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PAPER

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/632,958	08/04/2003	Takeshi Ikeda	03500.017465	4484
5514 7590 10/09/2007 FITZPATRICK CELLA HARPER & SCINTO 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA			EXAMINER	
			HENN, TIMOTHY J	
NEW YORK, NY 10112			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2622	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary	10/632,958	IKEDA, TAKESHI			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
TI MAN NO DATE (III)	Timothy J. Henn	2622			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	I.  lely filed  the mailing date of this communication.  D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 Ju	<u>ıly 2007</u> .				
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)☐ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2-6,13-15 and 19</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2,13 and 19</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) <u>4-6,14 and 15</u> is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>23 July 2007</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not receive	ea.			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P				

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#### DETAILED ACTION

### Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### **Drawings**

2. The drawings were received on 23 July 2007. These drawings are accepted.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 2, 13 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over lura et al. (US 5,847,756) in vie of Nanjo et al. (US 6,771,315).

# [claim 2]

Regarding claim 2, lura discloses an image pickup apparatus including an iris mechanism (Figure 18, Item 202) for changing an amount of light with which an image pickup element (Figure 18, Item 203) is irradiated by changing an aperture diameter (Figure 19; c. 18, II. 58-65), the image pickup apparatus being capable of changing between a first mode for recording a plurality of frames and a second mode for recording one frame in accordance with a predetermined action (c. 2, II. 13-28; c. 19, I. 2

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- c. 20, l. 5). However, lura does not disclose a filter unit and control unit for controlling the filter unit as claimed.

Nanjo discloses that when using an iris diaphragm and the aperture becomes too small the quality of the captured image is reduced (c. 1, II. 16-27). Nanjo further discloses that this problem can be solved by including an ND filter on an aperture blade to prevent deterioration of image quality (c. 3, I. 66 - c. 4, I. 7; Figures 14 and 15; note the use of a single density filter). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include an ND filter on the diaphragm of lura to prevent deterioration of image quality when capturing images with a small diaphragm aperture. The examiner notes that since lura discloses the use of the diaphragm for both still and video capturing according to an image signal luminance (Figure 19) and Nanjo discloses a filter which partially covers an aperture (Figure 15a) as well as fully covers an aperture (Figure 15f), lura in view of Nanjo discloses at least the cases claimed. It is further noted that the claim as written does not limit the first mode to only filter positions which partially cover the aperture and further does not limit the second mode to only fitter positions which completely cover the aperture or completely withdraws from the aperture.

#### [claim 13]

Claim 13 is a method claim corresponding to apparatus claim 2. Therefore, claim 13 is analyzed and rejected as previously discussed with respect to claim 2.

# [claim 19]

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Regarding claim 19, lura discloses an image pickup apparatus including an iris mechanism (Figure 18, Item 202) for changing an amount of light with which an image pickup element (Figure 18, Item 203) is irradiated by changing an aperture diameter (Figure 19; c. 18, II. 58-65), the image pickup apparatus operating in a first mode and a second mode (c. 2, II. 13-28; c. 19, I. 2 - c. 20, I. 5). However, lura does not disclose a filter unit and control unit for controlling the filter unit as claimed.

Nanjo discloses that when using an iris diaphragm and the aperture becomes too small the quality of the captured image is reduced (c. 1, II. 16-27). Nanjo further discloses that this problem can be solved by including an ND filter on an aperture blade to prevent deterioration of image quality (c. 3, I. 66 - c. 4, I. 7; Figures 1-3; note the use of a multiple density filter). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include an ND filter on the diaphragm of lura to prevent deterioration of image quality when capturing images with a small diaphragm aperture. The examiner notes that since lura discloses the use of the diaphragm for both still and video capturing according to an image signal luminance (Figure 19) and Nanjo discloses a filter which partially covers an aperture (Figure 2L) as well as fully covers an aperture (Figure 3T), lura in view of Nanjo discloses at least the cases claimed. It is further noted that the claim as written does not limit the first mode to only filter positions which partially cover the aperture and further does not limit the second mode to only fitter positions which completely cover the aperture or completely withdraws from the aperture.

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# Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claims 3-6, 14 and 15 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

### [claims 3-6, 14 and 15]

Regarding claims 3-6, 14 and 15 the prior art does not teach of fairly suggest an image pickup apparatus or method which performs drive control of a filter in the claimed manner. While it is known in the art to insert or remove a filter based on a threshold, the prior art does not teach the combination of such an operation with the filter control claimed in claims 2 and 13.

#### Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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ii. Takei

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7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Timothy J. Henn whose telephone number is (571) 272-7310. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 11-7.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lin Ye can be reached on (571) 272-7372. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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TJH 9/30/2007

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